## International Standard



619

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION●MEЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО CTAHДAPTИЗАЦИИ●ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

## Manganese ores — Determination of chromium content — Diphenylcarbazide photometric method and silver persulphate titrimetric method

Minerais de manganèse — Dosage du chrome — Méthode photométrique à la diphénylcarbazide et méthode titrimétrique au persulfate d'argent

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## **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 619 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 65, Manganese and chromium ores.

This second edition was submitted directly to the ISO Council, in accordance with clause 5.10.1 of part 1 of the Directives for the technical work of ISO. It cancels and replaces the first edition (i.e. ISO 619-1975), which had been approved by the member bodies of the following countries:

Austria South Africa, Rep. of Hungary Chile India Spain Czechoslovakia Italy Switzerland Egypt, Arab Rep. of Korea, Rep. of Turkey United Kingdom France Netherlands USSR Germany, F.R. Poland Greece Yugoslavia Romania

No member body had expressed disapproval of the document.

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